Governor's Commission for a Drug Free Indiana

A Division of the



Comprehensive Community Plan

County: Vanderburgh

LCC: Substance Abuse Council of Vanderburgh County

Date: January 9, 2006



Contact: Linda Schindler

Address: 2425 US Hwy 41N, Suite 205

City: Evansville, IN

Zip Code: 47711

Phone: 812-422-0626

Email: linda@drugfreecounty.org

County Commissioners:

Civic Center Complex, Room 305

Address: 1 NW MLK Jr., Blvd.

City: Evansville, IN

Zip Code: 47708

Plan Summary

Mission Statement: The Mission Statement of the Substance Abuse Council of Vanderburgh County is: To prevent and reduce the incidence of alcohol, drug abuse, and other co-related addictive behaviors in Vanderburgh County.

History: The Substance Abuse Council of Vanderburgh County, was organized in 1990 in cooperation with the United Way Task Force on alcohol and drug abuse. With assistance from the Governor's Commission, the Task Force expanded to include a broader representation of community groups.

In 1991, the Substance Abuse Council made the decision to form an independent organizational structure. The United Way continued its commitment to the process with staff assistance, but the leadership and accountability for the process became the responsibility of the Substance Abuse Council.

As the Council continued to grow new officers were elected, the organizational structure was revised, and community participants renewed their commitment to the organization. Committee's began gaining strength and membership by defining goals and tasks.

In 1993, the Council hired a part-time staff person to provide assistance with organization, communication and planning. Since that time the Council has increased membership, strengthened committee leadership, and focused more specifically on coordination of efforts and community needs.

In 1995, the Council became Incorporated, and in 1996, the Council became a 501C3 non-profit organization.

In March of 2002, the Substance Abuse Council promoted the coordinator to the position of full time Executive Director and moved their office to a more central location. This new vision and direction came in response to many concerned citizens that felt a greater need for our services.

During the past 13 years, the Council has grown into a network of approximately 100 county offices/officers, schools, health & human service agencies and faith-based organizations.

Summary of the Comprehensive Community Plan: The Substance Abuse Council of Vanderburgh County continues to work toward increasing membership, promoting the development of a more broad based leadership, and strengthening our role as a recognized comprehensive planning and coordinating body in the county.

The Council continues our endeavor of a more extensive and thorough planning process. The prevention/education, treatment/intervention, and law enforcement/ criminal justice



committees continue to seek out information about existing services in the community, examining unmet needs, and developing recommendations for positive change.

Additionally, the Screening Committee is responsible for designing the funding process, reviewing proposals, making funding recommendations, and monitoring selected programs and projects. The Screening Committee is comprised of representative members from all the Council committees. Active involvement and participation with the Council is required for groups receiving funding. The Screening Committee has defined an ongoing evaluation process. Site visits will be conducted by the Screening Committee members after six months of funding. The grantees will also be required to give a presentation at a Council meeting during the grant year. Funded projects will be responsible for submitting utilization and outcome data quarterly, with a full financial report being due with the final report.

Our Executive Director, Linda Schindler, continues to do an excellent job of assisting the Council in organization, development, and presides as the Fiscal Officer of all grants. Continued funding of this position is the top priority for the Council. Other priorities include increased public awareness, focused prevention projects, filling treatment gaps, and increasing police/probation capabilities.

Membership List

County LCC Name: Substance Abuse Council of Vanderburgh County

Name	Organization	Race	Gende r	Category
Emily Morrison	Lampion Center	W	F	Treatment
Dan Miller	Prosecutor's Office	W	M	Judicial
Parri Black	Youth First	W	F	Youth Ed
Debbie Mowbray	Adult Drug Court	W	F	Judicial
Deloris Koch	DADS	W	F	Treatment



C4 VC	Ed-4:	***	107	T
Stacy Kaufman	Foundations	W	F	Treatment
Brad Ellsworth	Sheriff	W	M	Law
G All		**	126	Enforce.
Sam Alderson	Counseling For Change	W	M	Treatment
Jackie Williams	Stepping Stone	W	F	Treatment
Johnny Kincaid	Smokefree Communities	W	M	Civic Org.
Luzada Hayes	ECHO Homeless	W		Civic Org.
Jeff Devine	PTA President	W	F	Education
Bobby Ogburn	Drug Crisis Referral Center	В	M	Treatment
Krista Decker	Youth Resources	W	F	Youth
Ronald McDonald	IN Excise Police	W	M	Law Enforce
Chuck Butler	IN Excise Police	W	M	Law Enforce
Office Woodall	Sheriff Dept.	W	M	Law Enforce
Lt. Wayne Wargel	Narcotics Task Force	W	M	Law Enforce
Teresa Mercer	Mulberry Addiction Serv.	W	F	Treatment
Judge Wayne	Adult Drug Court	W	M	Judicial
Trockman	9			
Judge Robert Tornatta	Vand County Courts	W	M	Judicial
Philip Bruner	Indiana Conservation	W	M	Law Enforce
Sheila Hamner	Probation Dept	W	F	Judicial
Regina Lowery	AIDS Resource Group	В	F	Civic Org.
Ramona Gilmore	Evansville Housing Auth.	В	F	Treatment
Joe Lutz	Probation Dept	W	M	Judicial
Scott Kramer	Wesselman's Nature	W	M	Civic Org.
	Preserv		112	orvic org.
Brian Holtz	Vand Co Corrections	W	M	Law Enforce
Frank Howard	Big Brothers Big Sisters	W	M	Youth Org.
Krista Whittaker	Deaconess Cross Pointe	W	F	Treatment
Joe Shrode	Indiana Youth Institute	W	M	Prev/ Civic
			1.72	Org.
Christine Hayden	Deaconess Family Practice	W	F	Treatment
	Deutoness running rruetiee		1	Troutinont
Name	Organization	Race	Gende	Category
			r	
Roger Duncan	Vand Co Corrections	В	M	Law Enforce
Claudette Nunn	Greater St. James Church	В	F	Parent
Mary Hart	Pigeon Township	W	F	Government
Donna Jones	Pigeon Township	W	F	Government
Lynn Owens	Memorial Baptist Church	В	M	Religion
Mignon Ware	AAPS/DAPS	В	F	Treatment
Robin Maglinger	Counseling For Change	W	M	Treatment
		 	IVE	
Niki Angelaki	Amethyst	W	F	Treatment



Matt Hill	Sheriff's Dept.	W	M	Law Enforce.
Serita Cabell	Carver Community Org.	В	F	Civic Org.
Ruth Milgate	Reflecting Waters	W	F	Treatment
Jeff Stratton	American Baptist East	W	M	Religion
Charles Asher	House of Hope	В	M	Treatment
Randy Wheeler	WIKY Radio	W	М	Media
Mary Dunham	Newspaper in Education	W	F	Media
Jeff Lake	Small Business Development	W	М	Business
Ed Bassemier	County Council Office	W	М	Govt.
Lt. Bishop	EPD – Narcotics	W	М	Law Enforce
Tim Baker	Impact Ministries	W	М	Religious
Jane Vickers	Patchwork Central	W	F	Civic Org
Marianne Peltier	Deaconess Family Practice	W	F	Healthcare
Camala Cooley	Prosecutor's Office	W	F	Law Enforce
Donna Hille	Anthem Insurance	W	F	Parent
Ruby Dawson	Resident Management	В	F	Civic Org.
Jan J	Corp			8
Larry Brush	Evansville Police Dept.	W	M	Law Enforce
Winona Dorsey	PRISMS	В	F	Treatment
Bryan Dickerson	YMCA	В	M	Civic Org
Dee Lewis	YWCA Recovery Program	В	F	Treatment
Trent Barnett	Juvenile Drug Court	W	M	Justice
Karen Angermeier	Vand. Co. Alcohol/Drug Prob.	W	F	Justice
Gerald Summers	Juvenile Courts	В	M	Justice
Greg Combs	Juvenile Drug Court	W	М	Justice
Brad Hill	Chief Evansville Police Dept.	W	M	Law Enforce
Kent Leslie	Deaconess Cross Pointe	W	M	Treatment
Randy Heidorn	EVSC	W	M	Schools
Diane Wargel	ECHO Healthcare Clinic	W	M	Healthcare
Pam Abrams	Vand. Co Wraparound Services	W	F	Civic Org.
Barbara Jessen	United Methodist Youth Home	W	F	Youth
Terry Cohen	Governor's Commission	W	M	Govt.
Jeri Kenning	Vand. Co. Health Department	W	F	Healthcare
K. Allan Henson	Adult Probation	W	M	Justice
Patty White	County Commissioners	W	F	Govt.
Gail Robb	Vand. Co Health Department	W	F	Healthcare
Jeff Kassler	Vand. Co Health Department	W	M	Healthcare
Brandi Watson	Albion Fellows Bacon Center	W	F	Civic Org.
Bonnie Daly	University of Evansville	W	F	Education
Wally Paynter	Tri-State Alliance	W	М	Civic Org.
Gregg Wagner	Indiana State Police	W	М	Law Enforce
Susan Armstrong	C.P.A.	W	F	Civic Org.
Tonya Straup	Boys and Girls Club	W	F	Civic Org.



Linda Schindler	Substance Abuse Council	W	F	Civic Org.
Shateka Woods	Substance Abuse Council	В	F	Civic Org.
Randy Lewis	Matthew 25	W	M	Civic Org.
Pat Backer	New Visions	W	M	Treatment
Karen Glazier	Tri-State Alliance	W	F	Civic Org.

Problem Identification

Problem Statement #1: Drug activity, including dealing is increasing among juveniles and adults, and the current system is not prepared to deal with the increase.

Supportive Data:

		<u>2000</u>	2001	2002
•	Number of Methamphetamine Labs eradicated:	30	49	131

• Records of adult and juvenile offenses filed, reflect the following:

2000 Felony Drug Offenses filed		2001 Felony Drug Offenses Filed
Dealing in Marijuana	77	Dealing in Marijuana 54



Possession of Marijuana	108	Possession of Marijuana	105
Dealing Cocaine	17	Dealing Cocaine	98
Possession of Cocaine	64	Possession of Cocaine	80
Possession of Schedule II	111	Possession of Schedule II	108
Possession of Legend Drug	17	Possession of Legend Drug	22
TOTAL	394	TOTAL	467

2002 Felony Drug Offenses filed

Dealing in Marijuana	132
Possession of Marijuana	206
Dealing Cocaine	161
Possession of Cocaine	116
Dealing Schedule II	19
Possession of Schedule II	118
Selling and Manufacturing	
Methamphetamine	189
Possession of Methamphetamine	100
Possession of Precursors	89
Possession of Paraphernalia	42
Possession of Club Drugs	15
TOTAL	1187



Year 1 Update:				
	2003	2004	2005	
Dealing in Marijuana	41	86	76	
Possession of Marijuana	50	63	84	
Dealing in Cocaine	76	82	79	
Possession of Cocaine	120	123	132	
Dealing in Controlled Substance	11	6	17	
Poss of Controlled Substance	100	77	110	
Dealing and Manufacturing				
Methamphetamine	136	93	118	
Poss of Methamphetamine	179	173	133	
Possession of Precursors	69	90	74	
Possession of Paraphernalia	13	1	8	
<u>Other</u>		71	65	75
Total	866	853	906	

2003 - 96 Meth Labs Eradicated 2004 = 74 Meth Labs Eradicated

Since the Juvenile Drug Court began in November 2002, they have served 103 juveniles from Vanderburgh County. The Drug Court was also certified through the Indiana Judicial Center in November 2005.

<u>STATS</u>			2004
2005	_Males	38	36
Females		19	10
Caucasion		46	34
African American		11	12
Juveniles that graduated		27	9
Average length in program months		8.18 months	9
Average age of participant		16.05	16.1
Juveniles placed in DOC		12	9

In 2005, 6 participants obtained their GED, 3 have signed up for College, and 2 have received High School Diploma's.

The Southwest Indiana Multi-Agency Drug Task Force has applied for a Drug Control Program Grant of which the goal is to reduce the demand for and supply of cocaine, marijuana, methamphetamine, and narcotics in Vanderburgh County.

There has also been a CHINS program started in Juvenile Court to get help for parents who have lost their children. The Substance Abuse Council has awarded funding to the Juvenile Drug Court for drug testing.

Year 2 Update: Final Update:



Objectives:

- Support of law enforcement personnel to investigate and charge juvenile and adult drug offenses.
- Support a committee to involve law enforcement, judges, probation officers, and broad based community resources to address juvenile and adult crimes.
- Support the adult drug court in our community.
- Support the juvenile drug court in our community.
- To investigate and apply for grants to increase personnel, training, or resources.

Year 1 Update:

- During 2004 the Substance Abuse Council purchased Digital Video Equipment for the Sheriff's Dept., an In-Car Video Camera for the State Police and a Fake ID machine for the State Excise Police. In 2005 funded a drug dog for the Evansville Police Dept., two digital video recorders and cameras for the Evansville-Vanderburgh Drug Task Force, 800 Portable Radios for the State Police, and Surveillance Equipment for the Excise Police.
- The Committee to involve law enforcement, judges, probation officers, and broad based community resources to address juvenile and adult crimes has been developed without the direct support of the LCC.
- We supported the adult drug court by funding cognitive restructuring classes, bus tokens for clients to get to court and work, as well as, graduation expenses.
- We supported the juvenile drug court by awarding them funding for drug kits and pagers.
- The Southwest Indiana Multi-Agency Drug Task Force has applied for a Drug Control Program Grant of which the goal is to reduce the demand for and supply of cocaine, marijuana, methamphetamine, and narcotics in Vanderburgh County.

Ye	ar 2 Update:
	•
	•
Fi	nal Update:
	•
	•

Goals:

- 1. Support will increase to the local court systems by funding the newly created Teen Court.
- 2. Adult and Juvenile Drug Courts support form the LCC will remain at consistent levels through 2006
- 3. Support of Law Enforcement personnel through funded programs will remain consistent.



Ye	ear 1 Annual Benchmarks:
	•
Ye	ear 2 Annual Benchmarks:
	•
	•
Fi	nal Report:
	•

Problem Statement #2: Because the Vanderburgh County Probation Department and the Vanderburgh County Correction Complex lack the funding and staff to enforce rules of probation and/or intensive supervision programs with respect to alcohol and drug use in the environments in which probationers find themselves, the recidivism rate is higher than it should be.

Supportive Data:

• Currently, there are no probation officers to do home checks on probationers. Persons on probation for crimes not obviously related to substance abuse are not tested for substances. Not until recidivist activity occurs does the court discover a particular defendant's link between crime and substance abuse. During 2002 the AAPS/DAPS (Alcohol Abuse Probation Services/Drug Abuse Probation Services) filed 350 petitions to revoke; 120 were on AAPS and 205 were on DAPS, 25 were on both programs. AAPS/DAPS disposed of 339 petitions to revoke in 2002.

Year 1 Update:

- In 2005 the Substance Abuse Council funded a grant for the Probation Department to hire a verification officer. This individual works 4 to 10 hours per week at \$20.00 per hour. The Officer has checked on 70 individuals and 18% tested positive for alcohol.
- In Misdemeanor Court cases for first offenders/DWI were 548 in 2004 and 501 in 2005. Underage Drinking were 578 in 2004 and 329 in 2005. First offenders/felonies were 12 in 2004 and 12 in 2005.
- 813 drug related felony cases were filed with the local court system in 2004.
- 930 drug related felony cases were filed in 2005.

Ye	Year 2 Update:		
	•		
Fi	Final Update:		
	•		



Objectives:

- Seek funding for at least two probation officers to do home checks of defendants on probation to discover whether probationers are using or in possession of alcohol or controlled substances or substance abuse paraphernalia.
- Maintain current programs of the Vanderburgh County Courts that fight alcohol and substance abuse among the criminal population.
- Seek funding for officers to do home checks for the Drug Courts.
- Support activities to increase the staff of the Probation Department to meet the minimum State guidelines.

Year 1 Update:

- In 2005 the Substance Abuse Council funded a grant for the Probation Department to hire a verification officer. This individual works 4 to 10 hours per week at \$20.00 per hour. The Officer has checked on 70 individuals and 18% tested positive for alcohol.
- Due to a lack of funding no increase in staff for the Probation Department has taken place during the past year. One Office has a 150 person caseload and another has a 200 person caseload.

	person cusciona and unother has a 200 person cusciona.		
Ye	Year 2 Update:		
	•		
Fi	Final Update:		
	•		

Goals: 1. Continue to fund the Verification Officer for the Probation Department in 2006.

Ye	Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:			
Ye	Year 2 Annual Benchmarks:			
Fi	Final Report:			



Problem Statement #3: While enforcing Indiana's Drug, Alcohol, & Tobacco laws, agencies need specific equipment. This includes but is not limited to; PBT's, Digital Recorders, Digital Cameras, In-Car cameras, as well as other "surveillance" equipment.

Supportive Data:

Police agencies need additional equipment to monitor, enforce, and document ATOD
offences. The Indiana Prevention Resource Center has documented that the Southwestern
portion of Indiana has a higher than average rate of underage drinking, marijuana use, and
tobacco use. If agencies are allowed to purchase these items, more arrests and convictions
should be the result.

Year 1 Update:

- According to IPRC stats for 2005, daily alcohol use by 8th graders is at 1.7%, 10th graders is at 4.0%, 12th graders is at 6.7% in Vanderburgh County versus the national rates of 0.6, 1.3, and 2.8 respectfully.
- Daily marijuana use in 2005 by 8th graders was 2.4%, 10th graders 5.4% and 12th graders 7.1% in Vanderburgh County versus the national rates of 0.8, 3.2, and 5.6 respectfully.
- Cigarette use daily in 2005 by 8th graders was 6.5%, 10th graders 11.8%, 12th graders 17.3% in Vanderburgh County versus the national rates of 4.4, 8.3, and 15.6 respectfully.

Ye	Year 2 Update:			
	•			
Fi	Final Update:			
	•			

Objectives:

• Provide funding for law enforcement equipment that relates to the enforcement and/or prosecution of ATOD offenses.

Year 1 Update:

 During 2004 the Substance Abuse Council purchased Digital Video Equipment for the Sheriff's Dept., an In-Car Video Camera for the State Police and a Fake ID machine for the State Excise Police. In 2005 funded a drug dog for the Evansville Police Dept., two digital video recorders and cameras for the Evansville-Vanderburgh Drug Task Force, 800 Portable Radios for the State Police, and Surveillance Equipment for the Excise Police.

Year	2 U	pda	ite:
	~ ~	P	

•

Final Update:

•



Goals: We will continue to fund law enforcement equipment at the same rate as 2005.

Yea	ar 1 Annual Benchmarks:
	•
	•
	•
Yea	ar 2 Annual Benchmarks:
	•
Fin	nal Report:
	•
	•
_	
Su Re ho ne cit	roblem Statement #4: Drug related crimes are higher in specific neighborhoods in anderburgh County due to social economic conditions. Ipportive Data: Esidents of neighborhoods in the near downtown area of Evansville, as well as in Evansville's using developments complain about the openness and proliferation of the drug trade in their ighborhoods. In areas where police patrols have intensified in the past, dramatic reductions in y complaints have been recorded. In the housing developments drug arrests have gone down %, rapes 75%, and public intoxication arrests have gone down 17%, since the walking police
	trols have been put in place.
Yea	ar 1 Update:
	 Since the Evansville Housing Authority lost the Drug Elimination Grant which funded the walking patrol officers in the housing developments, crime has gradually went up in these neighborhoods.
Yea	ar 2 Update:
	•
	•
Fin	al Update:
	•



Objectives:

- Increase the patrols of the Evansville Police Department in those neighborhoods of high crime.
- Increase the involvement and visibility of law enforcement officers in those neighborhoods of high crime.
- Supporting of crime watch neighborhoods.
- Continue to utilize the Indiana State Excise Police in a capacity that will allow Officers to work in high crime areas (neighborhoods) to enforce Indiana's Alcoholic Beverage, Tobacco, and Narcotic laws.

Year 1 Update:

- Evansville Police Department patrols have been increased in neighborhoods of high crime since the elimination of the walking patrol by the Evansville Housing Authority.
- Visibility and involvement of law enforcement officers is better in high crime areas.
- We have given presentations at many of the Neighborhood Associations. Glenwood Neighborhood Association applied for a grant from us to hire their own off duty police officers for their neighborhood.
- The Indiana State Excise Police was awarded a grant from us again in 2005 for saturation patrols.

Ye	Year 2 Update:			
	•			
Fi	Final Update:			
	•			

Goals: 1. Continue support of Indiana State Excise Police saturation patrols at 2005 rates.

2. We will increase awareness presentations at Neighborhood Associations from 10 to 15.

Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:			
Year 2 Annual Benchmarks:			
Final Report:			



Problem Statement #5: Changes in the distribution and use of controlled substances as well as changes in the law require continued and consistent training for criminal justice agencies.

Supportive Data:

- New drugs emerge, and old drugs re-emerge. For example, methamphetamine has reemerged as a powerful drug in Vanderburgh County. In 2002, Vanderburgh County law enforcement eradicated 131 Methamphetamine Labs.
- Case histories administered by the Drug Courts, AAPS & DAPS and Probation have shown a rise in the use of inhalants. Criminal intelligence indicates Club Drugs have also gained a foothold in Vanderburgh County over the past year.
- Drug dealers pay attention to state and county boundaries primarily to frustrate law
 enforcement. Often, the dealers are themselves located outside Vanderburgh County.
 Local law enforcement often needs to train with and work with other state and federal
 law enforcement agencies to know each other and to know how their respective drug
 communities interact.

Year 1 Update:

- In 2004 Vanderburgh County law enforcement eradicated 69 Methamphetamine Labs, and in 2005 they eradicated 40 Methamphetamine Labs.
- Criminal intelligence indicates that Prescription Drugs and Methadone have gained a foothold in Vanderburgh County.
- In 2005 the Vanderburgh County Sheriff's Department Narcotics Unit and the Evansville Police Department Narcotics Unit combined and are now the Evansville-Vanderburgh Drug Task Force. They are all located in the same building and share information on all narcotic cases.

Ye	Year 2 Update:		
	•		
Fi	Final Update:		

Objectives:

- All criminal justice officers will receive continuous training in legal issues as those issues relate to narcotics trafficking.
- Every law enforcement officer will be briefed on the latest developments in the narcotics trade.
- Every law enforcement officer will be trained to recognize clandestine drug labs and take appropriate precautions.
- Narcotics officers and prosecutors will develop a procedure for safely dismantling and disposing of clandestine drug labs, while at the same time preserving evidence for trial.
- Narcotics officers and prosecutors will attend national or regional training sponsored by the D.E.A. or similar agency.



• To pursue overdose and alcohol poisoning information thru hospitals, health departments, etc.

Year	1	Up	date	e:
------	---	----	------	-----------

- Law enforcement and criminal justice officers are trained on a regular basis on legal issues and issues that relate to narcotics trafficking and the latest developments in the narcotics trade. They are also trained to recognize clandestine drug labs and precautions. The Drug Endangered Child Protocol is also in place in Vanderburgh County.
- Narcotics officers and prosecutors have developed a procedure for safely dismantling and disposing of clandestine drug labs while preserving evidence for trial.

	r 6			
Ye	Year 2 Update:			
	•			
Fi	Final Update:			
	•			
	$_{\parallel}ullet$			

Goals:

The LCC will support the designation of 5% of the Law Enforcement funding category for training purposes.

Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:			
	•		
	•		
	•		
	•		
Ye	ar 2 Annual Benchmarks:		
	•		
	•		
Fi	Final Report:		
	•		
	•		

Problem Statement #6: The use of Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs is still a problem in Vanderburgh County in spite of the educational efforts that have been made to date.



Supportive Data:

- Nationwide, 70% of substance abusers hold jobs. One worker in four, ages 18-34, has used drugs in the past year and one worker in three knows of drug sales in the workplace. Americans consume 60% of the world's production of illegal drugs, with an estimated 23 million using marijuana on a weekly basis.
- In 2001, there were 124 cases of child abuse cases substantiated by Child Protective Services, with 616 cases of child abuse and 1143 cases of child neglect processed. The relation of these cases and substance abuse is not documented, but anecdotal information indicates a high correlation (Indiana Youth Institute, Kids Count In Indiana 2002).
- In 2000, there were a reported 3616 expulsions and suspensions from the school corporation (IYI).
- In 2000, 23.7% of mothers reported smoking during pregnancy (IYI).
- In 2000, a total of 394 felony drug cases were filed with the local court system. In 2001 that number was 467 and in 2002 the figure jumps to 1187.
- Methamphetamine labs eradicated in 2000 numbered 30. In 2001 the number was 49 and in 2002 the number jumps to 131.

Year 1 Update:

- In 2004 there were felony drug cases filed in the local court system, in 2005 there were felony drug cases filed.
- In 2004 Vanderburgh County law enforcement eradicated 69 Methamphetamine Labs, and in 2005 they eradicated 40 Methamphetamine Labs.
- In 2004 there were 884 cases of child abuse and 1854 cases of child neglect processed in Vanderburgh County by CPS.
- In 2004 there were a reported 5342 expulsions and suspensions from the school corporation grades K-12.
- 25% of mothers reported smoking during pregnancy.
- Significant increases noted in all of the above areas.

Year 2 Update:

•

Final Update:

•

•

Objectives:

• Reaching the various community segments (children, adolescents, students, adults, and senior citizens) through broad based educational efforts including all media, public service announcements, brochures, special public activities (Alcohol Awareness Month & Drunk & Drugged Driving Month, Red and Orange Ribbon Weeks, etc...).



- Encourage alternative activities that entice local participants, such as drug free athletic events, scouting, camps, cultural events, faith based/church activities, community sponsored events, etc.
- Promotion of HIV/AIDS education and prevention programming addressing substance abuse related issues.
- Promotion of information relating to FAS (Fetal Alcohol Syndrome).
- Promotion of programming addressing workplace ATOD and problem gambling issues.
- Promotion of programming addressing inhalants, over the counter drug abuse, prescription drug abuse and illicit drug usage.
- Education on the use and abuse of tobacco products.
- Promoting the awareness of problem gambling.

Year 1 Update:

- We continue to plan events for Alcohol Awareness Month, Drunk and Drugged Driving Prevention Month, Red Ribbon Week and Orange Ribbon Week.
- The Prevention Committee started having quarterly workshops in 2005 called People In The Know. We have one called Professionals In The Know and one called Parents In The Know and every three months on a different drug. We have speakers and someone who has had experience and in recovery from that type of drug.
- We have a representative now from Tri-State Alliance for Gays and Lesbians who attends our meetings regularly and is very active in our events.
- In 2005 the Substance Abuse Council funded projects for One on One Mentoring, SMART Moves, Wyldlife, Walk & Talk about Substance Abuse, High School Teenpower, After School Action Program, Tutoring/ISTEP, Smart Youth Radio, Project Safe, Youth Leadership Program, and HIV/AIDS Education.

Goals:

The LCC will provide a minimum of 12 public awareness events/campaigns addressing ATOD issues.



Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:				
	•			
	•			
Ye	ear 2 Annual Benchmarks:			
Fi	nal Report:			

Problem Statement #7: There exists limited funding and resources to address medical detoxification, traditional and long- term residential treatment for individuals with addiction related issues.

Supportive Data:

- The Salvation Army has recently shut down a program that provided residential services for individuals suffering from addiction related issues.
- Chrysalis Inc. terminated a residential program for women with substance abuse issues approximately three years ago.
- Southwestern Indiana Mental Health Center has assumed responsibility for addictions programming through Mulberry Center, Inc., having purchased this facility from the St. Mary's Medical Center.
- There exists no formal detox unit within Vanderburgh County. Individuals in need of acute care for alcohol and drug abuse are assigned to medical units that do not provide specialized care relating to substance abuse.
- Intensive Outpatient Programming is available through Stepping Stone, Amethyst Addictions Services, Deaconess Cross Pointe and Foundations. Residential placement options with treatment capabilities are limited.



Year 1 Update:

 In 2005 the LCC funded Amethyst Outpatient Treatment, PRISMS Family Substance Abuse Awareness, FAIR, Inc. bus tokens and Cognitive Restructuring Classes, Counseling For Change Minority Counseling, YWCA Transitional Housing Recovery Program, and Resident Management Corp. Counseling and Referral.

Year 2 Update:

•

Final Update:

•

Objectives:

- Support recommendations provided by a community based task force developed to
 address gaps in services for individuals suffering from addiction related issues. Gaps in
 services for this population should include support related to housing, child care, food
 and clothing, education, employment and job training, medical care/treatment,
 aftercare, transportation, and case management.
- Inventory existing services and identify the community based agencies/organizations that provide residential services for addicts and alcoholics. Provide support for these agencies concerning the provision of support services.
- Support the development of residential and medical services provided for individuals suffering from addiction related issues.
- Support the efforts of local and regional coalition activities that address substance abuse treatment parity and stigma related issues affecting the provision of services to alcoholics and addicts.

Year 1 Update:

- The community task force was never developed.
- A Resource Guide of treatment providers has been developed and is currently being distributed throughout the community.
- In 2005 the LCC funded Amethyst Outpatient Treatment, PRISMS Family Substance Abuse Awareness, FAIR, Inc. bus tokens and Cognitive Restructuring Classes, Counseling For Change Minority Counseling, YWCA Transitional Housing Recovery Program, and Resident Management Corp. Counseling and Referral.

Year 2 Update:

•

Final Update:

•



Goals: The Resource Guide will be updated a minimum of twice in the next year in order to address changes relating to treatment providers.

Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:				
	•			
	•			
Ye	ar 2 Annual Benchmarks:			
	•			
	•			
Fi	nal Report:			
	•			
	•			

Problem Statement #8: A significant number of individuals in Vanderburgh County are in need of assessment and treatment for substance abuse. Specific populations groups, such as women, individuals with HIV/Aids, chronic alcoholics/addicts, youth, homeless and the dually diagnosed are considered under served.

Supportive Data:

- Juvenile Court estimates that there are 300 to 400 youth arrested each year for substance abuse related issues. In 2001, 38 juveniles were committed to the Department of Correction (Kids Count 2002, IYI)
- An urban clinic providing prenatal care for pregnant women states that 38% report utilizing alcohol and 24% report using illegal drugs during pregnancy.
- Domestic violence is the leading cause of injury to women between the ages of 15 and 44 (Surgeon General's Office). There were 32, 441 calls made to domestic violence crisis lines in Indiana in 2001. It is estimated that alcohol and other substance abuse is involved in over 75% of domestic violence incidents.
- In 2001, there were 616 reported cases of child abuse in Vanderburgh County, with 43.8% of these substantiated by Child Protective Services. There were 1,143 cases of child neglect reported, with 42.9% of these cases substantiated. Actual data is lacking, but it is thought that substance abuse is instrumental in the majority of child abuse and neglect cases.

The Indiana Prevention Resource Center conducted surveys on Evansville youth in March, 1999 to measure use rates of tobacco, alcohol and other drugs. There were 3,330 usable surveys that indicated some significant issues relating to alcohol use by youth:

1. 8% of 8th graders, 18% of 10th graders and 28% of 12th graders smoke cigarettes daily. National averages are 8.8%, 15.8% and 22.4% respectively.



- **2.** 29% of 8th graders, 44% of 10th graders, and 51% of 12th graders use alcohol monthly. National averages are 23%, 38.8% and 52% respectively.
- **3.** 1.4% of 8th graders, 4.9% of 10th graders and 7.5% of 12th graders use alcohol daily. National rates are 0.9%, 1.9% and 3.9% respectively.

The following is information relating to monthly and daily use of marijuana:

- 1. 10.7% of 8th graders, 21.2% of 10th graders and 26.3% of 12th graders reported monthly use of marijuana. National averages are 9.7%, 18.7% and 22.8% respectively.
- 2. 1.9% of 8th graders, 6% of 10th graders and 8% of 12th graders reported daily use of marijuana. National averages are 1.1%, 3.6% and 5.6% respectively.

Year 1 Update:

- According to IPRC stats for 2005, daily alcohol use by 8th graders is at 1.7%, 10th graders is at 4.0%, 12th graders is at 6.7% in Vanderburgh County versus the national rates of 0.6, 1.3, and 2.8 respectfully.
- Daily marijuana use in 2005 by 8th graders was 2.4%, 10th graders 5.4% and 12th graders 7.1% in Vanderburgh County versus the national rates of 0.8, 3.2, and 5.6 respectfully.
- Cigarette use daily in 2005 by 8th graders was 6.5%, 10th graders 11.8%, 12th graders 17.3% in Vanderburgh County versus the national rates of 4.4, 8.3, and 15.6 respectfully.

	, , ,
Ye	ar 2 Update:
	•
	•
Fi	nal Update:
	•
	•

Objectives:

- Information addressing the relationship between substance abuse and domestic violence/child abuse needs to be assessed.
- Offer gatekeeper training on identifying drug and alcohol problems and referral for assessment and treatment to the following: doctors, emergency room staff, businesses, psychologists and mental health workers, social service agency personnel, faith based organizations, family services agencies, courts and law enforcement.
- Support services that address the issues of assessment and treatment for individuals suffering from substance abuse issues.
- Support local, affordable training and certification for substance abuse professionals in order to address assessment and treatment needs of individuals suffering from substance abuse issues.



Year 1 Update:

- LCC staff attends the Domestic Violence Sexual Assault Task Force on a monthly basis. Specific information addressing the relationship between substance abuse and domestic violence has not yet been determined.
- The Treatment Committee holds a workshop once a year called Bridging The Gap which addresses the link between the court systems and treatment.
- Numerous agencies for example, Amethyst, Counseling For Change, YWCA, Resident Management Corp. and Fair, Inc. received funding for programs in 2005.

Year 2 Update:						
	•					
	•					
Fi	Final Update:					
	•					
	•					

Goals:

The Treatment Committee will implement one Professional Development Workshop in the coming year. This workshop will address assessment and treatment for substance abuse.

Ye	ear 1 Annual Benchmarks:
	•
	•
	•
	•
Ye	ear 2 Annual Benchmarks:
	•
	•
Fi	nal Report:
	•
	•

Problem Statement #9: Substance abuse professionals and support staff are in need of continued training and educational opportunities in order to facilitate professional development



and address certification needs. There is a need for additional training, educational and certification opportunities and for the resources to support these activities for staff and allied agencies.

Supportive Data:

- The Substance Abuse Council has been proactive regarding advocating for treatment rights for alcoholics and addicts since its inception.
- Accrediting agencies, such as the Southwest Regional Chapter of ICAADA, provide some training and accreditation procedures for substance abuse professionals at the local level.
- Local, regional, state and national training and accreditation opportunities are available to facilitate staff development and agency accreditation.

Year 1 Update:

• The LCC is not in a position to support the accreditation process. This Problem Statement is under review as to its relevance to the overall Comprehensive Plan.

Year 2 Update:

•

Final Update:

•

Objectives:

- Lobby state and local contractors in order to provide training and educational opportunities to southwest Indiana.
- Facilitate the certification and accreditation process.
- Encourage local agencies and organizations to provide training and accreditation opportunities.
- Support staff and agency participation with training and educational opportunities that promote awareness of availability of training opportunities at the local, regional and statewide level.
- Support education and awareness of ATOD and problem gambling issues through the promotion and development of regional and statewide networks and organizations

Year 1 Update:

• The LCC did not support the certification and accreditation process of professional staff.

Year 2 Update:

•

Final Update:

•



Goals:

The appropriateness of this problem statement as it relates to the Comprehensive Plan needs to be reviewed by the Treatment Committee.

Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:					
	•				
	•				
	•				
	•				
Ye	ar 2 Annual Benchmarks:				
	•				
	•				
Fi	Final Report:				
	•				
	•				

Please attach the County's Fiscal Report for review!

- Amount deposited as of December 31, 2004 was \$126,521.61
- Grants Funded 2005

LAW ENFORCEMENT	Name of Project	Amount
Director's Salary		\$ 12,688.40
Director's Benefits		\$ 2,194.60
Assistant to Director		\$ 969.00
Office Rent		\$ 2,800.00
Office Insurance		\$ 348.00
FAIR, Inc	Graduation	\$ 800.00
Evansville Police Dept.	Take A Snort out of Crime	\$ 4,000.00
E'ville-Vand. Drug Task Force	CSI: Evansville-Vanderburgh County	\$ 1,200.00
IN State Police	800 Portable Radios	\$ 2,000.00
Vand. Co. Superior Court	Verification Officer	\$ 5,000.00
Juvenile Court	Drug Kits/Pagers	\$ 4,000.00
IN State Excise Police	Surveillance Equipment	\$ 1,600.00
IN State Excise Police	Saturation Patrols	\$ 2,400.00
Total		\$ 40,000.00



PREVENTION	Name of Project		Amount
Director's Salary		\$	12,688.40
Director's Benefits		\$	2,194.60
Assistant to Director		\$	969.00
Office Rent		\$	2,800.00
Office Insurance		\$	348.00
Big Brothers/Big Sisters	One on One Mentoring	\$	1,560.00
Boys & Girls Club	SMART Moves	\$	1,950.00
American Baptist East	Wyldlife	\$	1,560.00
Patchwork Central	Walk & Talk about Substance Abuse	\$	2,297.00
Youth Resources	High School Teenpower	\$	1,170.00
Evansville Housing Authority	After School Action Program	\$	1,560.00
IMPACT Ministries	Tutoring / ISTEP	\$	1,560.00
Memorial Baptist Church	Smart Youth Radio	\$	1,560.00
Zion Missionary	Project Safe	\$	1,170.00
RESPECT	E.D.I.T. Youth Leadership Program	\$	1,153.00
Evansville Black Coalition	Substance Abuse HIV/AIDS Education	\$	1,950.00
Substance Abuse Council	Orange Ribbon Week	\$	1,560.00
Substance Abuse Council	Teen Nites	\$	1,950.00
Total		\$	40,000.00
TREATMENT	Name of Project		Amount
TREATMENT Director's Salary	Name of Project	\$	Amount 12,688.40
	Name of Project	\$	
Director's Salary	Name of Project	 '	12,688.40
Director's Salary Director's Benefits	Name of Project	\$	12,688.40 2,194.60
Director's Salary Director's Benefits Assistant to Director	Name of Project	\$	12,688.40 2,194.60 969.00
Director's Salary Director's Benefits Assistant to Director Office Rent	Name of Project Outpatient Treatment	\$ \$ \$	12,688.40 2,194.60 969.00 2,800.00
Director's Salary Director's Benefits Assistant to Director Office Rent Office Insurance		\$ \$ \$	12,688.40 2,194.60 969.00 2,800.00 348.00
Director's Salary Director's Benefits Assistant to Director Office Rent Office Insurance Amethyst Addiction Services	Outpatient Treatment	\$ \$ \$ \$	12,688.40 2,194.60 969.00 2,800.00 348.00 2,500.00
Director's Salary Director's Benefits Assistant to Director Office Rent Office Insurance Amethyst Addiction Services PRISMS	Outpatient Treatment Family Substance Abuse Awareness	\$ \$ \$ \$	12,688.40 2,194.60 969.00 2,800.00 348.00 2,500.00 3,000.00
Director's Salary Director's Benefits Assistant to Director Office Rent Office Insurance Amethyst Addiction Services PRISMS FAIR, Inc	Outpatient Treatment Family Substance Abuse Awareness Bus Tokens	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	12,688.40 2,194.60 969.00 2,800.00 348.00 2,500.00 3,000.00 1,000.00
Director's Salary Director's Benefits Assistant to Director Office Rent Office Insurance Amethyst Addiction Services PRISMS FAIR, Inc FAIR, Inc	Outpatient Treatment Family Substance Abuse Awareness Bus Tokens Cognitive Restructuring Classes	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	12,688.40 2,194.60 969.00 2,800.00 348.00 2,500.00 3,000.00 1,000.00 2,000.00
Director's Salary Director's Benefits Assistant to Director Office Rent Office Insurance Amethyst Addiction Services PRISMS FAIR, Inc FAIR, Inc Counseling for Change	Outpatient Treatment Family Substance Abuse Awareness Bus Tokens Cognitive Restructuring Classes Minority Counseling	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	12,688.40 2,194.60 969.00 2,800.00 348.00 2,500.00 1,000.00 2,000.00 2,500.00
Director's Salary Director's Benefits Assistant to Director Office Rent Office Insurance Amethyst Addiction Services PRISMS FAIR, Inc FAIR, Inc Counseling for Change YWCA	Outpatient Treatment Family Substance Abuse Awareness Bus Tokens Cognitive Restructuring Classes Minority Counseling Transitional Housing Recovery Program	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	12,688.40 2,194.60 969.00 2,800.00 348.00 2,500.00 1,000.00 2,000.00 2,500.00 5,000.00
Director's Salary Director's Benefits Assistant to Director Office Rent Office Insurance Amethyst Addiction Services PRISMS FAIR, Inc FAIR, Inc Counseling for Change YWCA RMC	Outpatient Treatment Family Substance Abuse Awareness Bus Tokens Cognitive Restructuring Classes Minority Counseling Transitional Housing Recovery Program	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	12,688.40 2,194.60 969.00 2,800.00 348.00 2,500.00 1,000.00 2,000.00 5,000.00 5,000.00
Director's Salary Director's Benefits Assistant to Director Office Rent Office Insurance Amethyst Addiction Services PRISMS FAIR, Inc FAIR, Inc Counseling for Change YWCA RMC	Outpatient Treatment Family Substance Abuse Awareness Bus Tokens Cognitive Restructuring Classes Minority Counseling Transitional Housing Recovery Program	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	12,688.40 2,194.60 969.00 2,800.00 348.00 2,500.00 1,000.00 2,000.00 5,000.00 5,000.00
Director's Salary Director's Benefits Assistant to Director Office Rent Office Insurance Amethyst Addiction Services PRISMS FAIR, Inc FAIR, Inc Counseling for Change YWCA RMC Total	Outpatient Treatment Family Substance Abuse Awareness Bus Tokens Cognitive Restructuring Classes Minority Counseling Transitional Housing Recovery Program	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	12,688.40 2,194.60 969.00 2,800.00 348.00 2,500.00 1,000.00 2,000.00 2,500.00 5,000.00 40,000.00



• Grant Process and requirements of grantees.

FUNDING CYCLE

2005

AUGUST, 2005 Send Request For Proposals and Pre-Applications

Announcement of Request For Proposals in paper

<u>SEPTEMBER, 2005</u> Screening Committee review Pre-Apps.

OCTOBER, 2005 Send out Grant Applications

Send denial letters on any pre-apps denied

NOVEMBER, 2005 Give Grant Applications and evaluation form to first and second readers.

Screening meeting to evaluate and score grant applications

DECEMBER, 2005 Screening meeting to call any questionable grant applicants in for an

interview

Make decision on funding to take to the full Council

Take decision on funding to full council meeting for approval

Send list of grants to be funded and copy of minutes of December Council

meeting to the County Commissioners.

Type approval letters including funding agreements

Type denial letters

Meet with County Commissioners if called to their meeting due to questions

on some of the grants we are funding.

JANUARY, 2006 Send in vouchers to auditor's office as soon as funding agreements are

received

MARCH, 2006 Send three month monitoring forms (Jan/Feb/Mar) due in by

end of April

APRIL, 2006 Screening Committee meets to go over three month monitoring forms

JUNE, 2006 Send out letter to grantees that there will be a site visit on their project in

July



At July Council meeting give out projects and forms to Council members to do site visits and financial reports

AUGUST, 2006 Screening Committee meets to go over the six month site visit forms

JANUARY, 2007 Send twelve month/final monitoring forms due by end of February, 2007

to include a computer generated financial report and/or receipts or copies of

receipts for the funded project

• Grants Funded 2005 with amounts requested

Name of Project: Law Enforcement	Amount	R	Amt. Requested
Graduation	\$800.00	\$	1,500.00
Take A Snort out of Crime	\$4,000.00	\$	5,000.00
CSI: Evansville-Vand Drug Task Force	\$1,200.00	\$	2,400.00
800 Portable Radios	\$2,000.00	\$	2,317.34
Verification Officer	\$5,000.00	\$	6,000.00
Drug Kits/Pagers	\$4,000.00	\$	4,500.00
Surveillence Equipment	\$1,600.00	\$	2,400.00
Saturation Patrols	\$2,400.00	\$	2,400.00
	\$21,000.00	\$	26,517.34
			Amt.
Name of Project: Prevention	Amount	R	Requested
Mentoring One on One	\$1,560.00	\$	2,500.00
SMART Moves	\$1,950.00	\$	5,500.00
Wyldlife	\$1,560.00	\$	3,000.00
Walk & Talk about Substance Abuse	\$2,295.00	\$	2,945.00
High School Teenpower	\$1,170.00	\$	4,000.00
After School Action Program	\$1,560.00	\$	3,000.00
Turtoring / ISTEP	\$1,560.00	\$	3,000.00
SMART Youth Radio	\$1,560.00	\$	3,000.00
Project Safe	\$1,170.00	\$	3,500.00
E.D.I.T. Youth Leadership Program	\$1,170.00	\$	3,000.00
Substance Abuse/ HIV/AIDS Education	\$1,950.00	\$	5,000.00
Orange Ribbon Week	\$1,560.00	\$	2,500.00
Teen Nite	\$1,950.00	\$	2,500.00
	\$21,000.00	\$	43,445.00



			Amt.
Name of Project: Treatment	Amount	Requested	
Outpatient Treatment	\$2,500.00	\$	5,000.00
Family Substance Abuse Awareness	\$3,000.00	\$	3,000.00
Bus Tokens	\$1,000.00	\$	1,200.00
Cognitive Restructuring Classes	\$2,000.00	\$	3,120.00
Minority Counseling	\$2,500.00	\$	5,000.00
Transitional Housing Recovery Program	\$5,000.00	\$	6,275.00
Counseling & Referral	\$5,000.00	\$	6,000.00
	\$21,000.00	\$	29,595.00

- The Council funded \$63,000.00 in programs and equipment for the grant period of January 2005 to December 2005, and \$57,000.00 in salaries and overhead (see above list of grants for 2005).
- A total of \$175,271.66 was in our Local Drug Free Communities Fund in December 2004 of this amount \$131,091.96 was 2004 Countermeasure Fees collected and \$44,179.70 was rolled over dollars.
- As of December 2005 there is a balance of \$181,793.27 in the Drug Free Communities Fund, \$\$136521.61 was Countermeasure Fees collected and \$55,271.66 was rollover dollars.



Next Annual Update Due: December, 2006

Next Comprehensive Community Plan Due: December, 2007

Date of Community Consultant Review:

Disclaimer:

You agree that the information provided within this Plan is subject to the following Terms and Conditions. These Terms and Conditions may be modified at any time and from time to time; the date of the most recent changes or revisions will be established by the Commission and sent electronically to all Local Coordinating Councils.

Terms and Conditions:

The information and data provided is presented as factual and accurate. I hereby acknowledge that I can be asked to submit proper documentation regarding the data submitted within the Plan. Failure to do so could result in a "denied approval" by the Commission under IC 5-2-6-16.

The Local Drug Free Communities Fund must be spent according to the goals identified within the plan. I hereby acknowledge that I can be asked to submit proper documentation regarding funds that are collected, allocated, and disbursed within the county. Failure to do so could result in a "denied approval" by the Commission under IC 5-2-6-16.

Initials: LSS

